On the norm-inflation solutions to the Navier-Stokes equations in the critical space

Okihiro Sawada (Gifu University)

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Discussion with

Tsukasa Iwabuchi, Yasunori Maekawa, Hideyuki Miura, Tsuyoshi Yoneda, and members of IRTG1529.

$\S 1$. Introduction Navier-Stokes equations in \mathbb{R}^3 :

(NS)
$$\begin{cases} u_t - \Delta u + (u, \nabla)u + \nabla p = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^3 \times (0, T), \\ \nabla \cdot u = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^3 \times (0, T), \\ u|_{t=0} = u_0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^3. \end{cases}$$
$$u = (u^1(x,t), u^2(x,t), u^3(x,t)) \text{ velocity (unknown)},$$
$$p = p(x,t) \qquad \text{pressure (unknown)},$$
$$u_0 = (u_0^1(x), u_0^2(x), u_0^3(x)) \qquad \text{initial velocity (given)}.$$

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Aim: Ill-posedness of (NS) in $C([0,T]; \dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1}(\mathbb{R}^3))$.

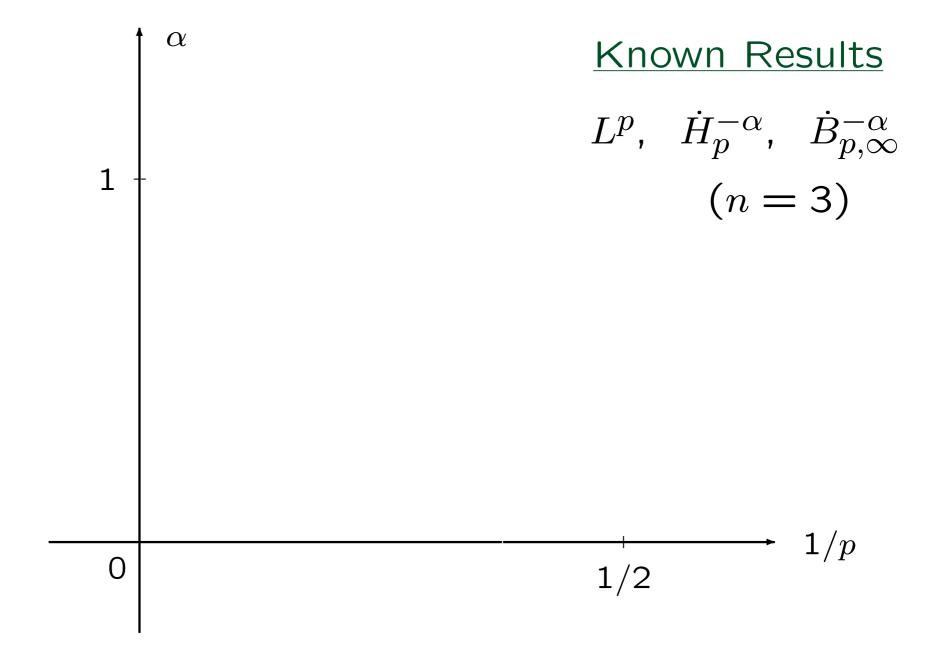
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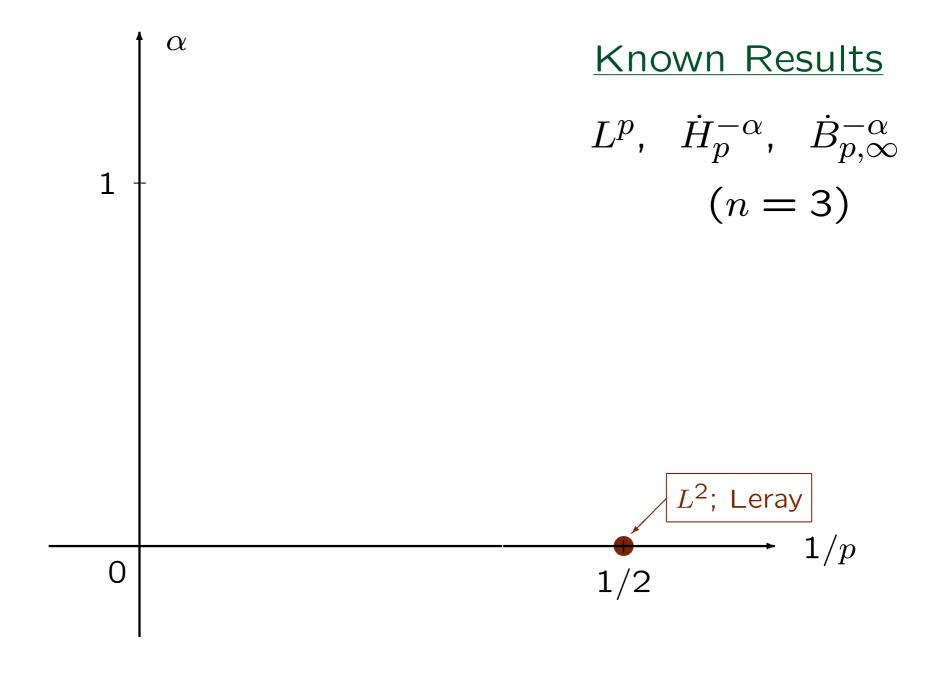
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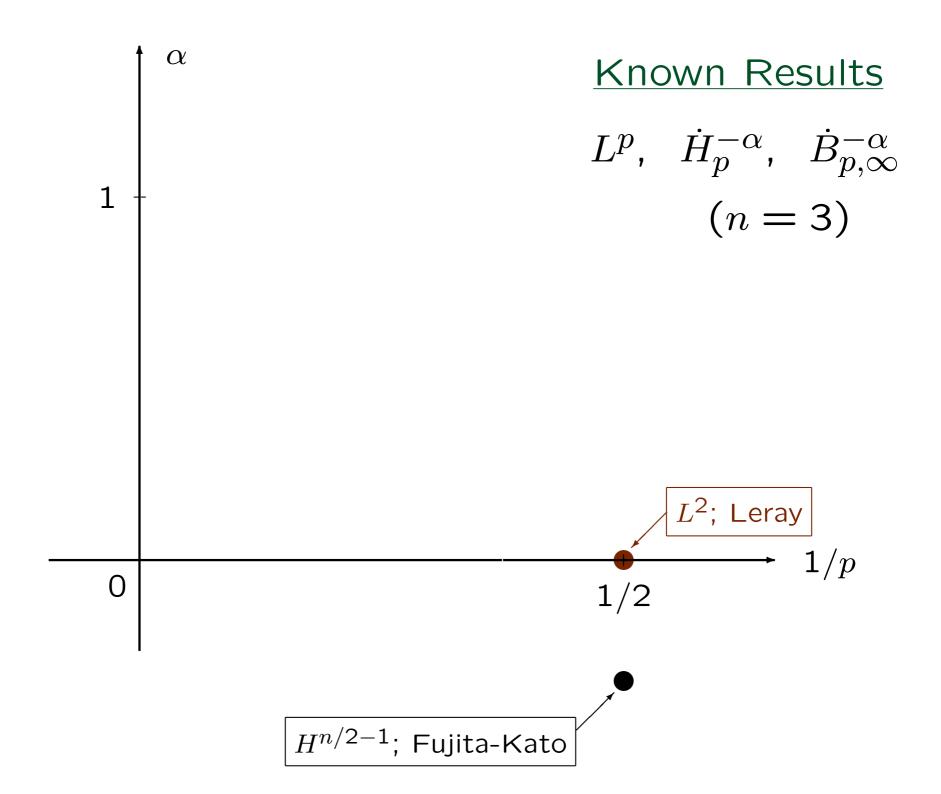
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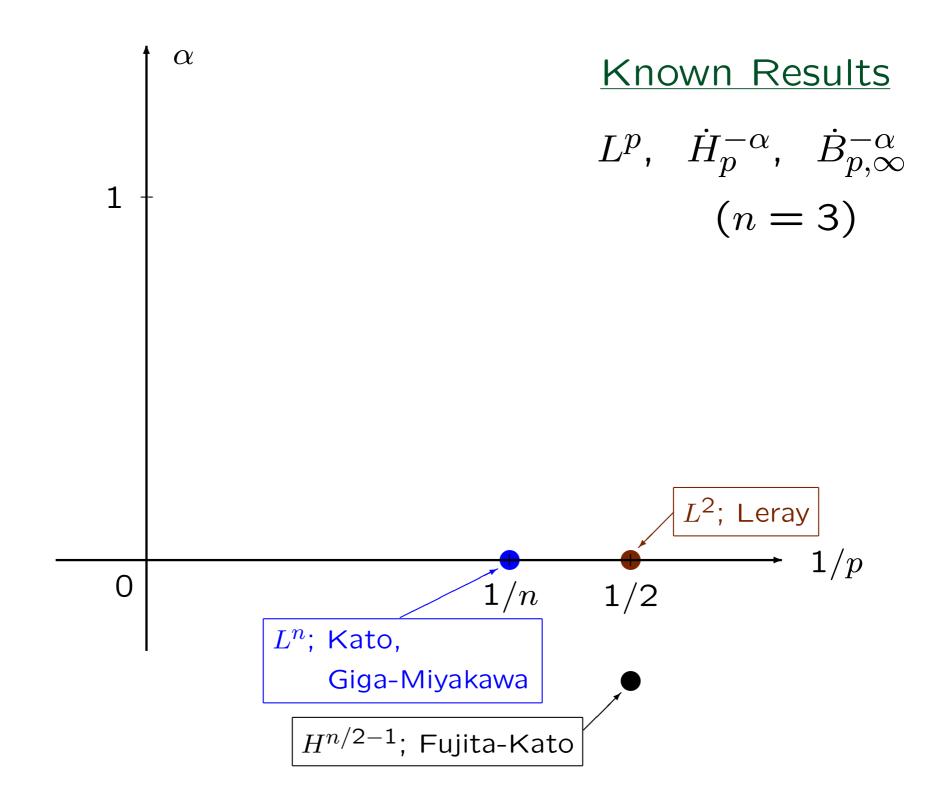
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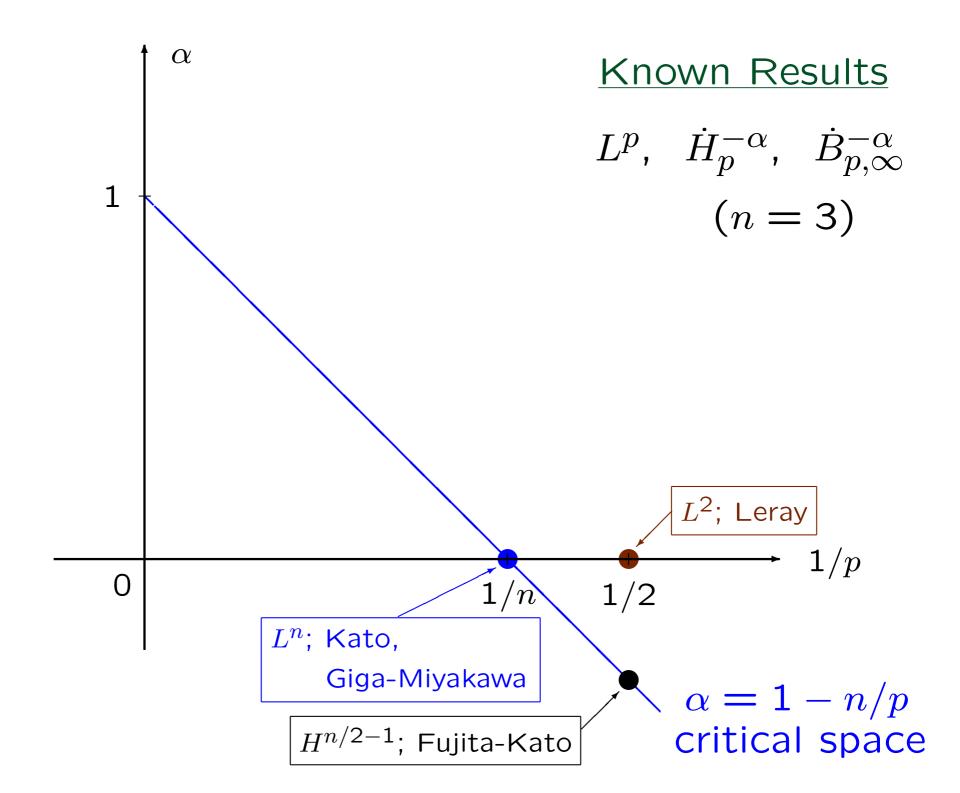
Besides, the heat equation is well-posed in $\dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1}$.

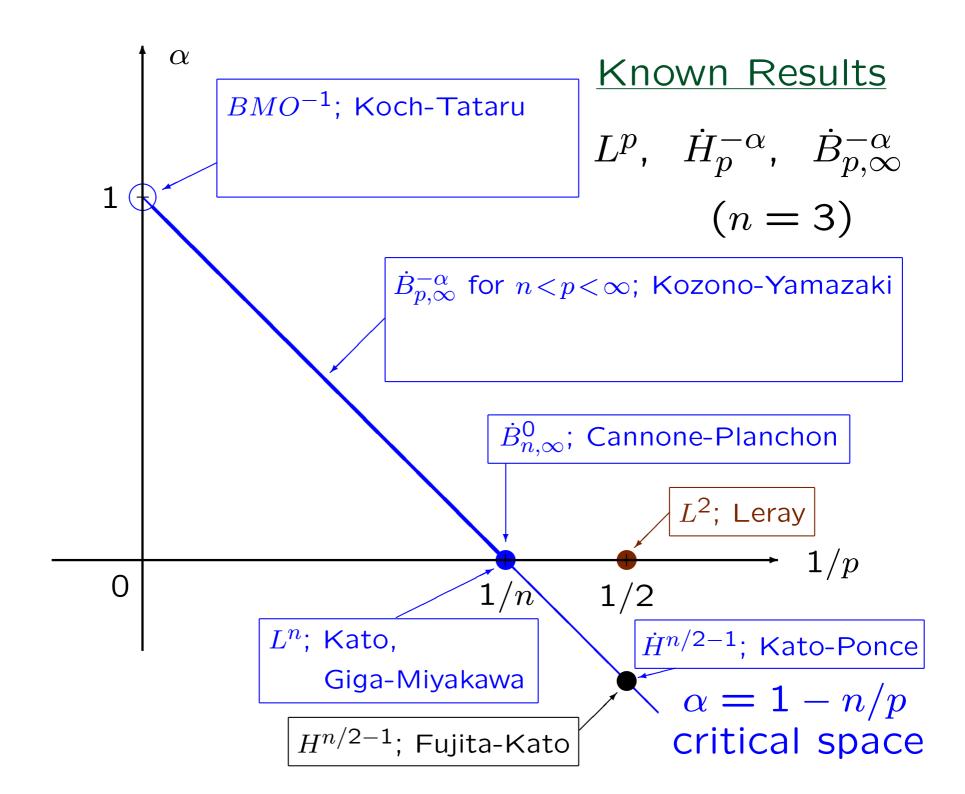


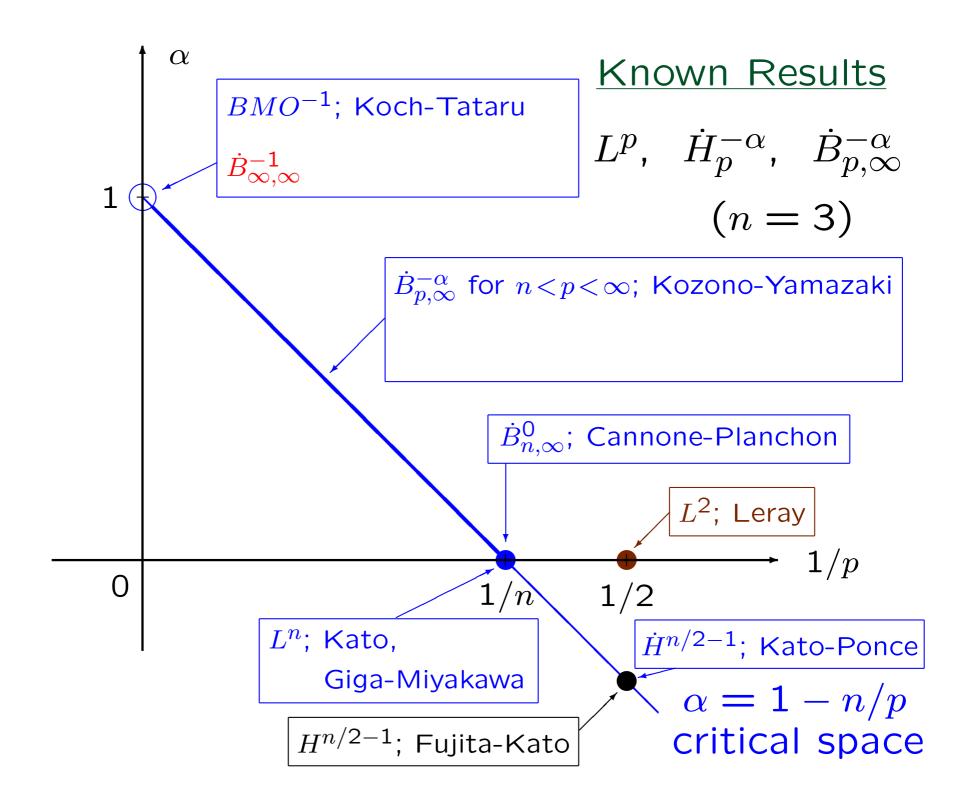


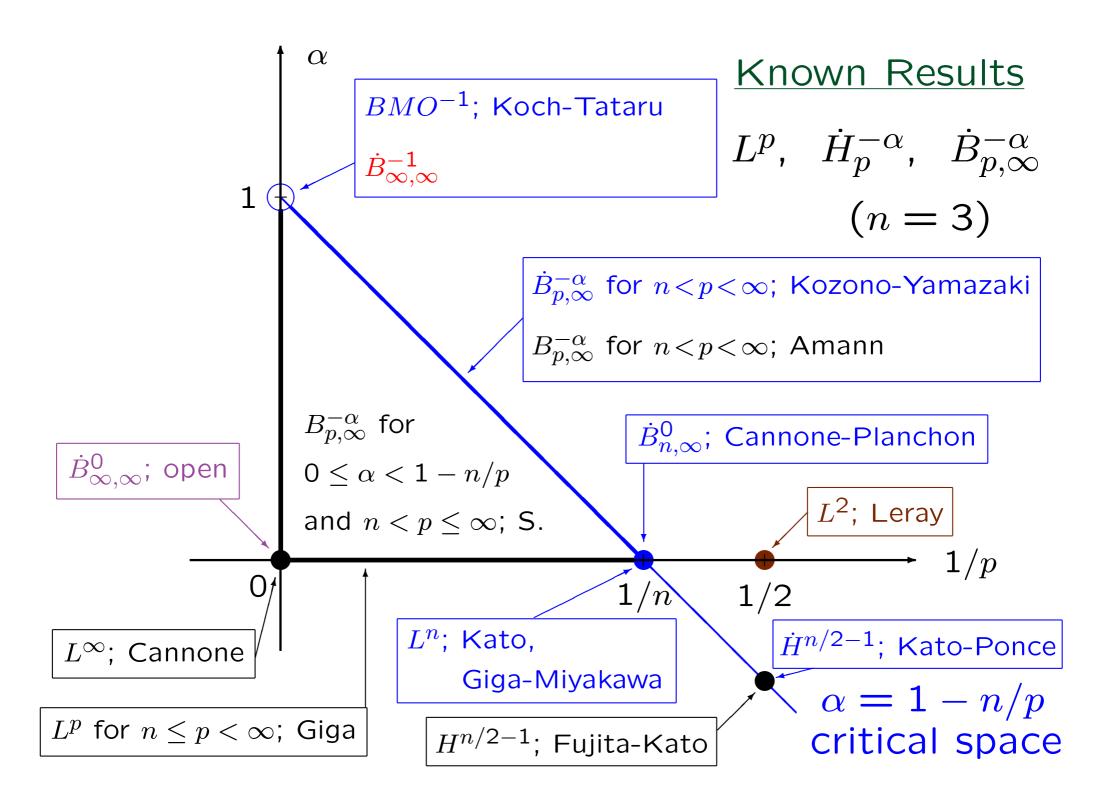


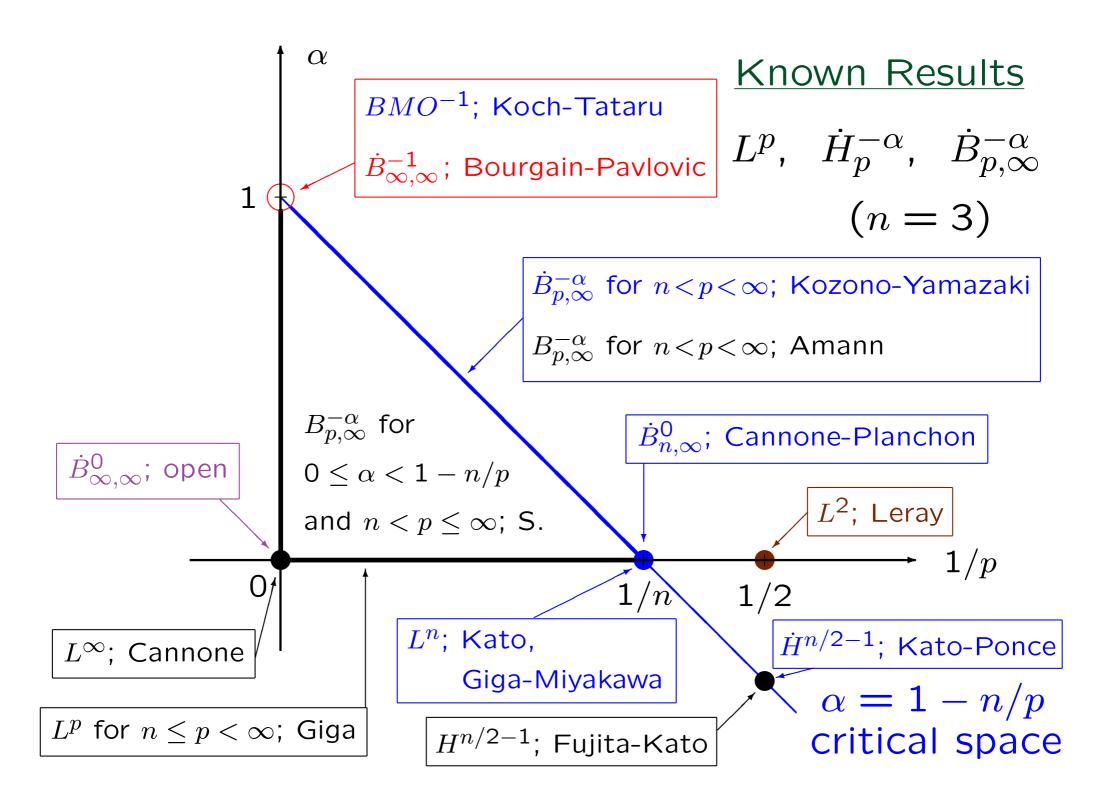












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Def. The Besov space $\dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1}$ is defined by

$$\dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1} := \Big\{ f \in \mathcal{S}'; \|f\|_{\dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1}} < \infty \Big\},$$

where $\|f\|_{\dot{B}^{-1}_{\infty,\infty}} := \|f\| := \sup_{\rho>0} \sqrt{\rho} \|e^{\rho\Delta} f\|_{L^{\infty}}.$

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$$\|f\| \! \simeq \! \sup_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} j^{-1} \|\phi_j \! * \! f\|_{L^\infty}, \ \dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1} \! \approx \! \nabla L^\infty, \ \|f\| \! \approx \! \|\nabla^{-1}\! f\|_{L^\infty}.$$

Successive Approximation When $u_0 \in H^{\frac{n}{2}-1}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, we use Fujita-Kato's strategy to solve (NS).

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We thus obtain $\exists 1$ mild solution $u = u_1 - \mathcal{B}(u)$ in the class $C([0,T]; H^{\frac{n}{2}-1})$ as the limit of a (sub)-sequence $\{u_j\}_{j=1}^{\infty}$ and small T.

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Th.1 [Bourgain-Pavlovic] $\forall \delta, \forall T \in (0,1), \exists u_0 \in \dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1}(\mathbb{R}^3)$ s.t. $||u_0|| < \delta, \nabla \cdot u_0 = 0, \exists u$: a mild solution in $C([0,T]; \dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1})$ and $||u(T)|| > 1/\delta$.

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Th.2 [S.] $\forall T > 0$, $\exists u_0$ s.t. $\{\|u_j(T)\|\}_{j=1}^{\infty}$ diverges.

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 provided $K < \frac{1}{3}$.

Initial Velocity Fix $u_0 \in \dot{B}_{\infty,\infty}^{-1}$ with $\nabla \cdot u_0 = 0$ by

$$u_0(x) = (0, u_0^2(x_1), u_0^3(x_1, x_2))$$

$$= \left(0, \frac{Q}{\sqrt{r}} \sum_{s=1}^{r} h_s \cos(h_s x_1), \frac{Q}{\sqrt{r}} \sum_{s=1}^{r} h_s \cos(h_s x_1 - x_2)\right)$$

with parameters Q>0 and $r,\,\gamma,\,\eta\in\mathbb{N}$, where

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$$||v_1(t)|| \le ||G_t||_{L^1} ||u_0|| < \delta \ll 1$$
 for $\forall t > 0$.

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